



USER MANUAL

ETHERNET INTERFACE

FOR OPHIR RF

RF POWER AMPLIFIERS USING 6101205 FRONT PANEL CONTROLLER

Revision C

Ophir RF
5300 Beethoven Street
Los Angeles, CA 90066
USA

Tel.: (310) 306-5556
FAX: (310) 577-9887
E-mail: sales@ophirrf.com
Website: www.ophirrf.com

Safety Information

The following safety notes and symbol are used in this manual and on the equipment. Familiarize yourself with each and its meaning before operating this equipment.

Caution	Caution denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, would result in damage to, or destruction of, the equipment. Do not proceed beyond a caution note until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.
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Warning	Warning denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a warning note until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.
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The instruction documentation symbol. The product is marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instructions in the documentation.

General Safety Considerations

Warning	This is a safety Class I product provided with a protective earthing ground incorporated in the AC power cord. The AC power cord shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. Any interruption of the protective conductor, inside or outside of the equipment, is likely to make the equipment dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.
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Warning	No operator serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified personnel. To prevent electrical shock, do not remove covers.
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Warning	If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by Ophir RF, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
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Caution	Before switching on this equipment, make sure that the line voltage is correct and that an External Load has been applied. (Refer to Amplifier's Owner's Manual)
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Contents

Section		Page
I	General Information	3
	Scope	3
	Description	3
	Equipment Specifications	4
II	Installation and Configuration	5
	Connecting to the Ethernet Interface	5
	IP Address Configuration	5
	Overview	5
	IP Addressing Within a LAN	5
	Static IP Addressing	6
	Configuring the Ethernet Interface IP Address	6
	Using the Serial Port Interface	6
	Changing the IP Address via Telnet	7
III	Text Mode Operation	8
	Introduction	8
	Using the Text Mode Commands	8
IV	Web-Browser Operation	12
	Introduction	12
	Using the Web-Browser Based Interface	12
	Status Monitor Web Page	12
	Change Settings Web Page	13
	Update Firmware Web Page	14
V	Troubleshooting	16
	Introduction	16
	Confirm that the Ethernet Port is Enabled	16
	Confirm the Current IP Address	16

Tables

Table 1-1	Ethernet Interface Specifications	4
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SECTION I

General Information

1.1 Scope

This owner's manual contains configuration and operating instructions for the Ethernet Interface for Ophir RF Amplifiers.

1.2 Description

The Ethernet Interface works in conjunction with the RF Amplifier's front panel controller to provide the user with a means to remotely view the Amplifier's current status, as well as control the Amplifier's operation. All of the status and control capabilities available in RUN Mode are accessible using the Ethernet Interface. See the "Technical Description and Operating Instructions for the Front Panel Controller" portion of the Amplifier's User's Manual, as well as the Operation section of this guide for a more in-depth discussion of the Run Mode commands. In summary, the following amplifier functions are accessible via the Ethernet Interface:

- Amplification Mode: Fixed Gain (VVA) or Automatic Level Control (ALC)
- VVA and/or ALC Level Set
- Output Mode: Online or Standby
- Forward and Reverse/Reflected RF Output Power
- Faults: High Temperature, High VSWR, ALC Out-Of-Range

The interfaces allow the RF Amplifier to communicate with and participate in a Local Area Network using Ethernet. It provides the RF Amplifier with a static IP Address assigned by the user and connects to the LAN via an RJ-45 connector on the Amplifier's rear panel. Two modes of communications over the Ethernet Interface are provided:

1. Via a self-contained Web server, providing HTML-formatted pages offering status information and control options for the Amplifier.
2. Via a text-based system using Telnet protocol.

In addition, there is a text-mode interface accessible via an RS-232 serial port on the rear panel. This interface provides a means to configure the TCP/IP characteristics (IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway Address), as well as to query and control the Amplifier as to its operational status.

The Ethernet Interface is a microprocessor-based embedded computer internal to the RF Amplifier that regularly polls the front-panel controller for information. That information is stored and served up to the user upon request, and incoming commands from the user are parsed and passed on to the front panel controller.

Equipment Specifications

Table 1-1. Ethernet Interface Specifications

Ethernet Standard:	IEEE 802.3, 10/100Base-T
Ethernet Port:	RJ-45
Ethernet Cabling Requirement:	UTP/STP Cat. 3 or Cat. 5 100 meter max. distance to next node. Straight-Through cable to Hub/Switch Cross-Over cable to Single PC.
TCP/IP Addressing Modes Supported:	Static
HTTP Communications Listen/Response:	
Web server:	TCP/IP Port 80
Telnet:	TCP/IP Port 23
Serial Communication Standard:	RS-232-C per EIA-232
Serial Communication Settings:	9600 Baud, 8 Bit, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit
Serial Port:	9-Pin Female, Subminiature D-Shell Pin 2 – RxD from PC *
	Pin 3 – TxD from PC *
	Pin 5 – Signal GND
GPIB	IEEE-488
* The RS-232 serial port is configured as DCE (Data Communication Equipment). Use a straight pin-for-pin cable to connect to DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) such as a desktop or notebook PC. Reverse pins 2 and 3 (using a “null modem” cable) to connect the serial port directly to a modem for remote dial-in communication.	
Power Requirement:	Internally provided by RF Amplifier

NOTE – Specifications subject to change without notice

SECTION II

Installation and Configuration

2.1 Connecting to the System Interfaces

WARNING!

Do not apply power to the RF Amplifier until you have read the Amplifier's Owner's Manual and you have performed all specified procedures. If you fail to observe this warning, damage to the equipment and/or bodily injury may result. Specifically, be sure to have an appropriate load attached to the output of the RF Amplifier before applying power to the equipment.

The system interfaces connect to an external PC or Local Area Network (LAN) using TCP/IP via an RJ-45 connector on the rear panel of the Amplifier. An RJ-45 connector is the standard termination for Unshielded Twisted-Pair (UTP) or Shielded Twisted-Pair (STP) cabling. UTP/STP Category 3 or Category 5 cable is appropriate for 10Base-T; 100Base-T requires UTP/STP Category 5. The Ethernet Interface communicates via 10/100Base-T.

The Ethernet Interface can be connected to a network hub or switch using a "straight through" section of cabling. Use a "cross-over" cable to connect the Ethernet Interface directly to the Network Interface of a single desktop or notebook computer.

There is also a 9-pin female Subminiature D-shell connector on the Amplifier's rear panel to permit communicating with the Amplifier and Ethernet Interface via serial RS-232 at 9600 Baud. This is used for configuring the specific TCP/IP settings for the Amplifier prior to deploying it on the network (see **IP Address Configuration** below for more information).

2.2 IP Address Configuration

2.2.1 Overview

Devices (or "nodes") designed to communicate using Ethernet each maintain their own unique IP address within a given network. Moreover, in order to "see" one another, all addresses with a given network must be within a predefined range of addresses, defined by the subnet mask. Before communication can be established with the Amplifier using Ethernet, using the Web Browser-based it is necessary to know what address the Amplifier is using.

2.2.2 IP Addressing Within a LAN

All resources accessed via the Internet and the World-Wide Web have unique IP addresses associated with them. Since it is not necessary – or even desirable – for all networked devices within a Local Area Network to be visible to the entire Internet, certain IP address ranges have been reserved for the use of architects of LANs. Using these, all addresses **WITHIN** the LAN can be unique but united by a common subnet mask

Even if the LAN in the building across the street is using the same address range and subnet mask, there is no conflict since the two networks cannot see one another. Access to the Internet for the users within a LAN is typically provided by a router or Proxy server, which serves as the gateway for all users to the outside world – and vice-versa.

2.2.3 Static IP Addressing

In practice, devices that are shared or frequently accessed resources on a Local Area Network (such as file servers, network printers, routers, etc.) are given a Static IP Address that does not change. Since every device must have a unique IP address, these addresses must be carefully documented and administered to avoid duplication. Configure the Ethernet Interface Static IP Address using the serial port. The address can also be changed via the Telnet protocol.

2.3 Configuring the Ethernet Interface IP Address

In order to use the Web Browser-based interface the following is necessary:

1. The user must know what IP address the Ethernet Interface in the Amplifier is using.
2. The Ethernet Interface IP address must be within the same subnet as the PC being used to access it.

For most users, Static IP addressing makes sense for the Ethernet Interface, since it will become a “resource” on the LAN to which it is connected, and knowing its IP address will be necessary to access its most useful features. In order to assign appropriate IP addressing information prior to deployment, connecting to the Ethernet Interface using the provided serial port interface with a desktop or notebook PC is recommended.

2.3.1 Using the Serial Port Interface

Determine the COM address of the available serial connector on the PC or notebook computer (typically it will be COM1, COM2, COM3, or COM4). Connect the 9-pin serial cable from the PC serial port to the 9-pin subminiature D-shell connector on the rear panel of the Amplifier.

Configure a Terminal Communication application (such as HyperTerminal, which is included with Microsoft Windows®) to communicate Direct to the appropriate COM port. Configure the Port Settings to:

9600 Baud/Bits Per Second,
8 Data Bits,
No Parity,
1 Stop Bit, and
No Flow Control.
Send Line Ends with Line Feeds

The Ethernet Interface serial port does not echo characters typed, so the user may want to set the terminal program on their PC to “Echo Typed Characters Locally” in order to see what has been typed.

2.3.2 Changing the IP Address via Telnet

When changing an IP address while on a current Telnet session, the new IP Address is saved immediately, but not yet used by the controller. This allows the user to poll the address to make sure that it is what they wanted. To get the controller to start using the new address either send a command to the controller during the current session, “UPDATEIP” or cycling the amplifier’s power.

When sending the “UPDATEIP” command, after changing to the new IP Address, the original Telnet and any web page sessions will immediately no longer be valid. A new Telnet and/or web page communication session will need to be started, using the new IP Address.

When cycling the power of the amplifier, after the new IP Address is set, the amplifier will boot up with the new IP Address.

SECTION III

Text Mode Operation

3.1 Introduction

The system Interface provides four means of remotely communicating with the RF Amplifier:

- Text Mode using Telnet protocol on TCP/IP port 23.
- Web-Browser Based Mode via Ethernet as HTTP on TCP/IP Port 80 (detailed in Section IV, Web-Browser Based Operation).
- GPIB (IEEE-488).
- Conventional serial using RS-232.

The RS-232 communication mode is provided as a convenient means to configure the Amplifier's TCP/IP settings prior to deployment, since it is difficult (although not impossible) to communicate via TCP/IP without first setting the Amplifier's address to the desired value. See the preceding section in this guide on Installation and Configuration for specifics on connecting to the RS-232 serial port.

3.2 Using the Text Mode Commands

Available through the Ethernet port using Telnet protocol, or the RS-232 interface, text-mode commands allow the user to communicate with the amplifier's front-panel controller. Queries are commands ending in '?', and result in a reply being returned to the user. Note that the vast majority of text-mode commands are common to all serial interfaces available in Ophir amplifiers, including Telnet, RS-232, RS-422 and GPIB (IEEE-488).

The text-mode commands are listed below:

MODE?	Requests the current mode of the unit; returns one of the following values: STANDBY, ALC STANDBY, VVA ONLINE, ALC ONLINE, VVA
MODE xxx	Sets the amplification mode of the unit; the only valid values for xxx are ALC (Automatic Level Control) and VVA (Voltage-Variable Attenuation).
STANDBY	Places the amplifier into STANDBY mode.
ONLINE	Removes the amplifier from STANDBY mode.
FWD_PWR?	Returns the forward power in the form 'xx.x dBm' or 'xx.x Watts' where xx.x is a floating point number

REV_PWR?	Returns the reverse power in the form 'xx.x dBm' or 'xx.x Watts' where xx.x is a floating point number
ALC_LEVEL?	Returns the current ALC set point in the form 'xx.x dBm' or 'xx.x Watts' where xx.x is a floating point number.
ALC_LEVEL xx.x	Sets the current ALC set point. xx.x is a floating point value. If the value given is invalid or out of range, no change is made.
VVA_LEVEL?	Returns the current VVA level in the form 'xx.x %' where xx.x is a floating point number.
VVA_LEVEL xx.x	Sets the current VVA level. xx.x is a floating point value between 0.0 and 100.0. If the value given is invalid, out of range, or the unit is in ALC mode, no change is made.
ACK_FAULTS	Acknowledge all faults. Note that the faults might immediately occur again.
FAULTS?	<p>Returns any current faults in the system. The reply will consist of a string that contains a single space (if no faults have occurred) or one or more of the following items, concatenated together and separated by commas:</p> <p>VSWR TEMP MON: XXX (depends on which Monitor settings were activated/set) Fwd Pwr Rev Pwr In Pwr (If the system has an input detector feature) Ext. VSWR ALC Range Open shutdown (If the system has an Open shutdown feature)</p>
VSWR_ALARM?	Returns the current set point for the VSWR alarm in the form 'xx.x dB' or 'xx.x Watts', where xx.x is a floating point number. The VSWR Alarm Threshold represents the difference between the forward power and the reflected power (in dBm or in Watts, depending on what units mode the controller is set for). A higher value here represents a configuration that is more sensitive to VSWR.
VSWR_ALARM xx.x	Sets the set point for the VSWR alarm. xx.x is a floating point value. If the value given is invalid or out of range, no change is made.
NAME?	Returns the current Name of the Ethernet Interface, Amplifier (Needs to be set first for a return response).
NAME xxxxxxxxxxxx	Sets a new Name to the Ethernet Interface, Amplifier (Up to 31 Characters).

MODEL?	Returns the Model Name of the Amplifier.
SERIAL?	Returns the Serial Number of the Amplifier.
IP_ADDRESS?	Returns the current IP Address of the Ethernet Interface.
IP_ADDRESS xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Sets a new IP address in xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx format (xxx being a decimal representation in the range of 0 to 255).
UPDATEIP	After the new IP Address is set via Telnet, RS-232 or GPIB, the controller will need to have the "UpdateIP" command sent, in order for the controller to update to the new IP Address. Cycling the power to the amplifier will perform the same function of "UpdateIP" command. NOTE: In Ethernet communication, the controller will continue to communicate in the original IP Address, until the power is cycled off/on or the command of "UpdateIP" is sent to the controller.
NETMASK?	Returns the current Netmask of the Ethernet Interface.
NETMASK xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Sets a new Netmask in xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx format (xxx being a decimal representation in the range of 0 to 255).
GATEWAY?	Returns the Gateway IP Address of the Ethernet Interface.
GATEWAY xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Sets a new Gateway IP address in xxx.xxx.xx.xxx format (xxx being a decimal representation in the range of 0 to 255).
MONITORS?	Returns the values of all temperature (°C), current (A) and voltage (VDC) monitors configured in the system. The reply will consist of a string that contains a single space (if no monitors have been defined), or all of the monitors, concatenated together and separated by commas. Note that Monitors are only implemented in some customer-specific amplifier hardware configurations.
TEMP?	Returns the values of main temperature display monitor. In addition to being a temperature monitor (°C), this monitor may be used for the rear fan control feature, configured in the system. The reply will consist of a value in XXX format (xxx being the temperature in the range of 0 to 999). Note: Not all amplifiers are design with the temperature controlled feature, if the rear fan control feature is not configured, a value of "0" will be returned.
REV?	Returns the current Revision and Version of the Amplifier's front panel controller firmware, space separated

SCREENSAVER? Returns the value of the screensaver activation time (where 0 is disabled, no screensaver and 1 – 600 minutes is the allotted set value).

SCREENSAVER XXX Sets a new screensaver value (set time can be 0 to disable and 1 - 600 minutes), this value does not get saved after controller boot up. To make the change permanent, make the change inside the USER CONFIGURATION MENU

TELNET_TIMEOUT? Returns the value of the Telnet session activation time (where 0 is disabled, not recommended and 1 – 1,00 minutes is the allotted set value).

Text-Mode Commands for Special Amplifier Features/Options

For the Sleep/Awake feature, used on certain amplifiers, the following text-mode commands are listed below:

SLEEP Sets the amplifier to sleep mode, where the main power supply and all components connected to it (including main fans), are powered off. Only the front panel controller (along with a secondary power supply) will remain on but will be set to sleep mode until woken up via command, or manually via push button.

WAKEUP Places the amplifier back into normal operation and out of sleep mode. All the components will be powered on and the amplifier will be set to Standby mode.

For more detail on the command syntax of the front panel controller, see the **Technical Description and Operating Instructions for the Front Panel Controller** portion of the RF Amplifier's User's Manual.

SECTION IV

Web-Browser Based Operation

4.1 Introduction

The Ethernet Interface Web-Browser based user interface provides a convenient single-page representation of the RF Amplifier's operational status. It requires no special software on the user's desktop or notebook computer beyond a standard Web-browser and network connection with access to the TCP/IP address of the RF Amplifier to be communicated with.

The Web-Browser software used should be capable of supporting graphics, and HTML tables. These features are common in virtually all contemporary Web-Browsers (Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, Mozilla, etc.).

4.2 Using the Web-Browser Based Interface

In order to access the Web-Browser based interface, it is necessary to know the IP address that the Ethernet Interface in the RF Amplifier is using (see **Section 2.3, Configuring the Ethernet Interface IP Address**). In the address bar of your Web-Browser, enter:

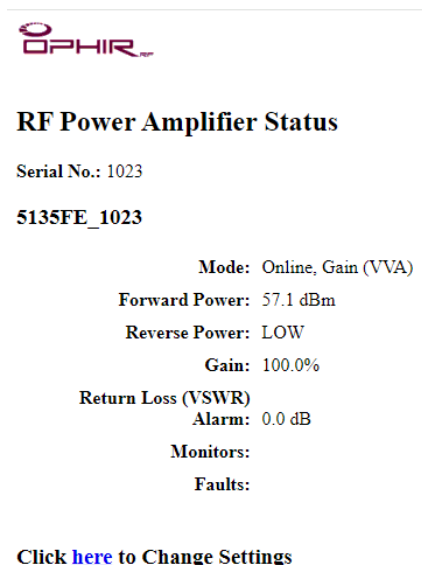
`http://<IP Address>` (for example: `http://192.168.1.45`)

This will bring up the Status Monitor page of the Ethernet Interface.

Note that since you are using static IP addressing, you can create an entry in the desktop or notebook PC's HOSTS file that relates the xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx IP address with a more intuitive name, such as AMPLIFIER1. If your Local Area Network is equipped with a WINS (Windows Internet Name Server), it is also possible to make a Static Address entry in WINS for the Ethernet Interface relating the IP address to a more user-friendly name. Consult your Network Administrator for assistance).

4.3 Status Monitor Web Page

The Status monitor, “**RF Power Amplifier Status**” web page contain information about the current operational status of the amplifier. By design, Web servers (such as the one embedded in the Ethernet Interface) only provide a page of information when it is requested by the Web-Browser (i.e. the user at his or her PC). The Status page directs the Web-Browser to Refresh its content periodically. This interval can be user-specified on the “Click [here](#) to Change Settings” page BEFORE going to view the Status Monitor page.



OPHIR

RF Power Amplifier Status

Serial No.: 1023
5135FE_1023

Mode:	Online, Gain (VVA)
Forward Power:	57.1 dBm
Reverse Power:	LOW
Gain:	100.0%
Return Loss (VSWR)	Alarm: 0.0 dB
Monitors:	
Faults:	

Click [here](#) to Change Settings

The Serial Number of the amplifier along with the Name of the amplifier and current operational mode of the amplifier is displayed in the Web-Page: **Serial No.:** XXXX; **NAME** (Can we be changed by end user via command; NAME xxxxxxxxxxxx); Mode: Online or Standby, ALC or Gain (VVA). The subsequent lines display the Output Forward Power, Reverse Power, and the current settings for Gain (expressed as a percentage of total power capability) and ALC.

The Monitors section of the Current Status portion displays the values of all Temperature, current and voltage monitors configured in the system. The reply will consist of a string that contains a single space (if no monitors have been defined), or all of the monitors, concatenated together and separated by commas. Note that Monitors are only implemented in some customer-specific amplifier hardware configurations.

The Faults section of the Current Status portion displays any current faults in the system. The reply will consist of a string that contains a single space (if no faults have occurred) or one or more of the following items, concatenated together and separated by commas:
Temp and/or Fwd Pwr and/or Rev Pwr and/or In Pwr and/or VSWR and/or Mon x and/or ALC Range. The web page will also display a graphic of a glowing 'Alert' lamp.



RF Power Amplifier Status

Serial No.: 1023

5135FE_1023



Mode: Standby, Gain (VVA)

Forward Power: 50.2 dBm

Reverse Power: 47.0 dBm

Gain: 70.0%

Return Loss (VSWR)

Alarm: 4.0 dB

Monitors:

Faults: VSWR, Temp

Click [here](#) to Change Settings

The Change Settings page can be accessed using the hyperlink at the bottom of the Status Monitor page.

4.4 Change Settings Web Page

The Change Settings, “**RF Power Amplifier Control**” screen allows the user to change the operation mode of the amplifier. Online or Standby can be selected by clicking on the appropriate web page ‘radio button’, as can ALC (Automatic Level Control) or Gain (VVA – Voltage Variable Attenuation) mode.

The Gain settings input box allows the user to specify the amplifier's RF output power as a percentage of full output power capability. Enter a value between 0.0 and 100.0 (percent is implied; do not include the “%” character), then click the 'Submit' button. Any value out of range will be ignored by the amplifier.

ALC amplification mode allows the user to specify the amplifier's RF output power in dBm. Enter a value between 0.0 and full-scale power (this will be dependent on the maximum power rating of the specific amplifier), then click the 'Submit' button. Any value out of range will be ignored by the amplifier.

The Return Loss (VSWR Alarm) setting allows the user to change the value of reflected power between a delta of forward and reverse power. If the VSWR is set to 0 dB, the reflected power going back into the amplifier will be ignored. However, due to additional protection from the amplifier, MAX REV PWR and EXT VSWR, the amplifier will continue to be protected from high levels of reflected power, with the VSWR Alarm set to 0 dB. The end user is only allowed to change the VSWR Alarm setting. The additional protection (MAX REV PWR and EXT VSWR) is set by Ophir RF factory settings.

The refresh interval for the Status Monitor page has an input box. Enter the desired value (in seconds), then click on the 'Submit' button.

Note: Do NOT set the refresh rate too low, since page refreshes interrupt the ability to type in new values. 10 to 30 seconds is usually adequate for most applications. The Change Settings page does NOT refresh, so returning to that page will permit re-entering a higher refresh interval if a value too low was inadvertently entered. The minimum refresh period is 5 seconds, and the maximum refresh period can be set to 999 seconds. Any value out of range will be ignored by the amplifier. Manually refreshing the web browser application (press F5 in Windows Internet Explorer) will also update the Status Monitor web page.

Any indicated amplifier faults can be cleared by placing a check in the Clear Faults checkbox. Note that if the fault condition has not been remedied, the fault indication may recur immediately.

To return to the Status Page, click on the "[here](#)" from the "Click [here](#) to View Status", which will activate the hyperlink at the bottom of the Change Settings page.

4.5 Update Firmware Web Page

To update the amplifier's front panel controller's firmware, a hyperlink at the bottom of the Change Settings page can be used. Click on the "[here](#)" from the "Click [here](#) to Update Software." Updating firmware for any Ophir RF amplifier is not recommended unless given instructions from an Ophir RF personnel.



RF Power Amplifier Control

Serial No.: 1023

Mode: ☐ Standby ☒ Online ☒ Gain ☐ ALC

Gain: 100.0 %

ALC: 30.0 dBm

Return Loss (VSWR) Alarm: 0.0 dB

Page Refresh Period: 5 seconds

☐ Clear Faults

Click [here](#) to View Status

Click [here](#) to Update Software



Update Application

Choose File

Update

When toggling back and forth between web pages in the Web-browser operations, the web page will refresh the open window, with the selected page. A new window (pop-up) will not appear. The new selected page will over-write the previous page.

SECTION V

Troubleshooting

5.1 Introduction

The Ethernet Interface is capable of communicating through multiple interfaces simultaneously:

- RS-232
- Web-Browser based (HTTP served via TCP/IP Port 80)
- Telnet based (via TCP/IP Port 23)
- GPIB

In the event that one or more of the interfaces becomes unresponsive, a reset of the amplifier should be the first recourse to restore normal operation. Cycling the amplifier's AC power switch resets the front panel controller and the ethernet interface.

5.1.1 Confirm that the Ethernet Port is Enabled

The Ethernet Port is Enabled or Disabled from within the User Configuration settings menu.

5.1.2 Confirm the Current IP Address

Cycle through the Run Mode status menu by pressing the MODE button on the front panel. If the Ethernet Port is enabled and configured, there will be a status line reading:

IP Address:
xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.